

App. Serial No.: 09/769,992
Title: Double Shell Dispenser
Atty. Dkt.: CG-855

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pads 68, thereby deforming the outer wall 60. The child-resistant locks 61 and 63a are disposed on the portions of the outer wall that deflect outward, when pressure is applied by the user. While this pressure is being applied, the user may then axially rotate the cap body 50, so that the cap body 50 moves upward from neck portion 82 and fitment 20. As the cap body 50 rotates axially, child-resistant locks 61 and 63a rotate past child-resistant stops 81 and 83 without engaging them, since the outer wall 60 is deformed outwardly at those points where the child-resistant locks are located. If the outer wall 60 was not deformed as the axial rotation was occurring, then child-resistant locks 61 and 63a would engage child-resistant stops 81 and 83, thereby preventing the opening of the closure 10. Nevertheless, as the child-resistant locks 61 and 63a on the deformed cap body 50 move past the child-resistant stops 81 and 83, the cap body 50 continues to rotate axially until one or both drop plugs 54 and 56 engage one or both stops 90 and 92. Once drop lugs 54 and 56 engage stops 90 and 92, further axial rotation of cap body 50 is prevented. At the point of engagement of drop lugs 54 and 56 with stops 90 and 92, closure 10 is open, but cap body 50 is still attached to container finish 80. In this manner, the dispenser closure 10 may dispense the contents of a container to which the closure 10 is attached without removing the cap body 50 from the container finish 80.

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

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1. (Once Amended) A dispenser closure comprising:
a container finish having at least one thread and at least one lug stop formed thereon, and,
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